Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (currently amended) Method for illuminating an object with light (2) from a laser light source (3), preferably in a confocal scanning microscope (1), characterized in that comprising varying the phase angle of the a light field is varied by with a modulation means modulator (4) in such a way that interference phenomena do not occur in the an optical beam path, or occur only to an undetectable extent, within a predeterminable time interval.
- 2. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 1, **characterized in that wherein** an EOM **(4)** (electro-optical modulator) is employed as the **modulation means modulator**.
- 3. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 2, **characterized in that wherein** the EOM (4)-is arranged directly downstream of the laser light source (3).
- 4. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 1, eharacterized in that wherein a mirror, a lens or a beam splitter is used as the modulation means modulator (4).
- 5. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 4, eharacterized in that wherein the modulation means modulator (4) is mounted in such a way that it also vibrates or oscillates as a result of vibrations or oscillations of the an optical structure or of the a casing.
- 6. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 4, eharacterized in that wherein the modulation means modulator (4) is moved using a control element.
- 7. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 6, characterized in that wherein the control element is a piezo element.

- 8. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 1, eharacterized in that wherein the modulation means modulator influences the laser light source.
- 9. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 8, eharacterized in that wherein the modulation means modulator switches the laser light source on and off.
- 10. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 8, eharacterized in that wherein the modulation means modulator influences the pump current of the laser light source.
- 11. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 8, eharacterized in that wherein the modulation means modulator influences the an intensity of the laser light source.
- 12. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 8, eharacterized in that wherein the modulation means modulator influences the <u>a</u> laser resonator or the <u>an</u> optical medium of the <u>laser-light</u>.
- 13. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 12, characterized in that wherein the modulation means modulator is a piezo element which at least one of moves and/or deforms at least one component of the laser resonator and/or the optical medium.
- 14. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 1, eharacterized in that wherein a noise signal (5), a periodic signal (5) or a stochastic signal (5) is applied to the modulation means modulator.
- 15. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 14, eharacterized in that wherein a noise generator (7) is used to produce the noise signal (5).

- 16. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 1, characterized by use wherein the method is used in a confocal scanning microscope (1).
- 17. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 16, eharacterized in that wherein the predeterminable time interval is shorter than the a pixel clock of the confocal scanning microscope (1), preferably shorter than the time interval corresponding to half the pixel clock.
- 18. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 1-16, characterized in that wherein the modulator is adapted to modulate modulation is synchronized in synchronization with the a scanning process of the confocal scanning microscope (1).
- 19. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 1, eharacterized in that

 wherein a change in the wavelength of the laser-light (6) is changed by the modulator due

 to the modulation, and wherein the change is taken into account by the a control unit of an

 AOTF (acousto-optical tunable filter) or AOBS (acousto-optical beam splitter) which injects
 the laser-light.
- 20. (currently amended) Method according to Claim 1, eharacterized in that

 wherein a change in the power of the laser-light (6) is changed by the modulator due to

 the modulation and wherein the change is taken into account by the a control unit of an

 AOTF or AOBS AOTF (acousto-optical tunable filter) or AOBS (acousto-optical beam splitter) which injects the laser light.

- 21. (new) Method according to Claim 5, wherein the optical structure is a portion of a confocal scanning microscope.
- 22. (new) Method according to Claim 17, wherein the predeterminable time interval is shorter than a time interval corresponding to half the pixel clock.
- 23. (new) A confocal scanning microscope adapted to illuminate an object with light from a laser light source, comprising a modulator adapted to vary the phase angle of a light field of the light in such a way that interference phenomena does not occur in an optical beam path of the microscope, or occurs only to an insignificant extent, within a predeterminable time interval.
- 24. (currently amended) The confocal scanning microscope of Claim 23, wherein the modulator is an EOM (electro-optical modulator).
- 25. (currently amended) The confocal scanning microscope of Claim 23, wherein a mirror, a lens or a beam splitter is used as the modulator.
- 26. (currently amended) The confocal scanning microscope of Claim 25, further comprising a piezo element adapted to move the modulator.
- 27. (currently amended) The confocal scanning microscope of Claim 23, further comprising a piezo element adapted to at least one of move and deform at least one component of a laser resonator and an optical medium.
- 28. (currently amended) The confocal scanning microscope of Claim 23, further comprising an AOTF (acousto-optical tunable filter) or AOBS (acousto-optical beam splitter)

adapted to inject the light into an optical structure of the microscope; wherein at least one of the AOTF or the AOBS is adapted to take into account a change of at least one of power and a wavelength of the light resulting from modulation by the modulator.